

Ethics

Each CHC certificant represents the homeopathic profession in the eyes of the public and is expected to uphold the highest standards of professional conduct as described in the *CHC Code of Professional Ethics* and the *Client/Patient Rights within the Health Care Setting*. Anyone who believes he or she has a valid complaint regarding a CHC certified homeopath may contact the CHC Office by email or mail and describe the concern(s) in detail.

Email: chcinfo@homeopathicdirectory.com

Mail:

The Council for Homeopathic Certification

PO Box 73

Lewisville, AR 71845

Note: The CHC is unable to take any action regarding homeopaths who are not certified through CHC and does not investigate complaints regarding those individuals.

Please scroll forward to review the *Ethics* and *Client/Patient Rights* documents.

CHC Code of Professional Ethics

The Council for Homeopathic Certification (CHC) considers the following principles to be guides to the ethical practice of homeopathy, and to be morally binding on all homeopaths:

Ideals

The homeopath's high and only calling is to restore the sick to health—to heal, as it is termed—as defined by Samuel Hahnemann in the *Organon*.

Interactions with Clients

Conduct the homeopathic practice with vigilance, integrity, and freedom from prejudice, and treat all clients with respect and dignity. Make every appropriate effort to be available and accessible to ill clients requiring assistance. Never guarantee a cure, by spoken word or in writing.

Assist clients in weighing the possible benefits and risks of other (non-homeopathic) therapeutic options, helping them to consider conventional diagnostic procedures, routine screening tests, and therapies—acknowledging the usefulness of such procedures at appropriate times, even for those who may wish to avoid conventional treatment. A non-licensed homeopath shall not make a recommendation to discontinue current medications or treatments prescribed by a licensed health care practitioner. While the homeopath may freely educate his/her client concerning how homeopathic and pharmaceutical and other approaches diverge and even conflict, he/she must also leave no doubt that any and all responsibility for modification of the client's medication regime rests entirely with the client in consultation with the prescribing health care practitioner. The homeopath should ensure that any substantive discussions regarding prescribed medications and treatments are appropriately documented in the client's chart notes.

Render assistance to clients in emergency situations, to the greatest extent permitted by training and circumstances.

Practice within areas of competence. Consult with colleagues, or refer clients to other practitioners, in any situation involving conflict, inadequate training, or personal limitation—such as, but not limited to, any of the following:

- When any aspect of the client's case requires greater experience, training, or skill than the practitioner can offer.
- When there is a need for diagnostic tests or procedures beyond the capacity of the homeopath
- When the homeopath's care is not providing reasonable and timely resolution of the client's health problems.
- When circumstances arise which create a conflict between the homeopath's personal and professional relationship with the client
- If a homeopath's competence or judgment is impaired by physical or mental incapacity, or chemical dependency

Keep full and accurate records of all contacts with clients, including individual data such as name, address, phone number, date of birth, and case data such as medical history, dates and details of consultations, and summary of recommendations made.

Exercise appropriate discretion in the wording of any advertisements; practitioners who are not medically licensed with authority to diagnose and treat in the state/province where they practice should carefully avoid any reference to medical diagnoses or diagnostic tests, and focus on establishment of health rather than resolution of disease.

Unless you possess a healthcare license which precludes the need for disclosure/informed consent about homeopathy ---then use a disclosure/informed consent form which clearly and accurately identifies your training, credentials, skills and nature of your work; ensure that each client signs this form which becomes a part of the client documentation.

Interactions within the Profession

Honor the homeopathic profession, its history and traditions. Each practitioner's words and actions reflect upon the profession as a whole. Speak respectfully about fellow practitioners, both homeopathic and in other fields, acknowledging differences in styles of practice and training in a constructive way, whether in public or with clients.

Continue personal and professional development by undertaking further study, conferring with colleagues, and seeking greater understanding of homeopathic theory and practice, and supporting other homeopaths in that goal. Promote the art and science of homeopathy through appropriate research.

If conducting homeopathic research, give substances used in provings only to those individuals who have an understanding of the nature of the proving process, and who have volunteered, with written consent, to participate. Consider any person involved in experimental provings or other studies to be the researcher's client; be guided by the welfare of each person, and the moral imperative that the homeopath's only calling is to help make sick people well. Report research findings and clinical experience methodically, honestly, and without distortion. Identify any speculative theories clearly as such. Carefully honor the confidentiality of all clients whose cases are used in published articles, case conference presentations, or training lectures.

CHC Client Rights within the Health Care Setting

The Council for Homeopathic Certification (CHC) considers the following to be rights of the client in a health care setting, to be respected at all times in homeopathic practice:

Access

Each individual has a right to impartial access to homeopathic care, regardless of any personal belief, circumstance, or condition unless there is a valid legal reason that would prevent such access.

Confidentiality

The client has a right to confidentiality. The homeopath must not communicate in any form the contents of case records or personal information obtained within the practitioner/client relationship, as outlined in any governmental regulations for Canadian and US health care providers, except with the written permission of the client, in the case of emergency, or in response to a valid demand by government authorities. Appropriate safeguards should be taken with client records to prevent any unauthorized access to them. Case records or summaries should be provided promptly when properly requested in writing by a client.

Boundaries

The client has a right to expect the homeopath to keep appropriate professional boundaries in the client/practitioner relationship. The inherent nature of this type of relationship tends to place the practitioner in a position of influence, and the client in a position which may be, to some extent, dependent. The homeopath must therefore scrupulously avoid any exploitation of this relationship through inappropriate personal, sexual, or financial interaction always keeping in mind that the purpose of the relationship is to help improve the client's health.

Privacy

The client has a right to be interviewed and examined in surroundings that afford reasonable visual and auditory privacy. Individuals who are not directly involved with the client's care shall not be present without the client's permission, and shall not observe through remote audio/video access, or through video recordings without the client's express consent.

Advocacy

The client has a right to have another person present during any interviews or examinations. Physical examinations should only be performed by appropriate practitioners, and the client should remain disrobed only as long as is required for the examination. If the client is a minor, a parent or guardian has a right to be present during the examination and interview.

Self-Responsibility

The client has a right to actively participate in any and all decisions regarding his or her health care. This includes the right to refuse any recommendations (of homeopathic care or other kinds of health care) or referrals to other practitioners, to the extent permissible by law even after being informed of possible adverse consequences. If a client or a client's legally-authorized representative declines to follow recommendations in such a way that this prevents the homeopath from providing care in accord with professional standards, the homeopath may terminate the professional relationship with the patient/client upon reasonable notice, and in a professional manner.

Adjunct Therapies

The homeopath may offer, in addition to homeopathic care, any health-care skills that he or she is trained & competent to use, as long as such techniques or approaches are appropriate to the client's condition, and legal for the individual practitioner to practice. The homeopath must carefully explain such adjunct therapies, and make it possible for the clients to decline them if they wish. The homeopath shall make available documentation of his or her credentials and training for the practice of any type of therapy offered to the client, and must always allow the patient/client the freedom to accept or decline any type of therapy.